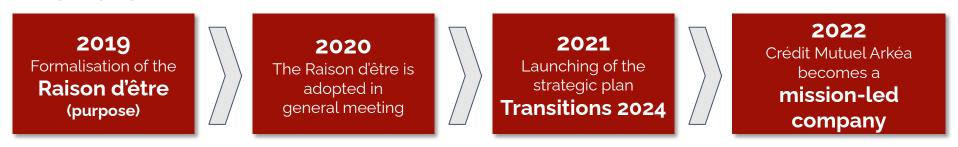


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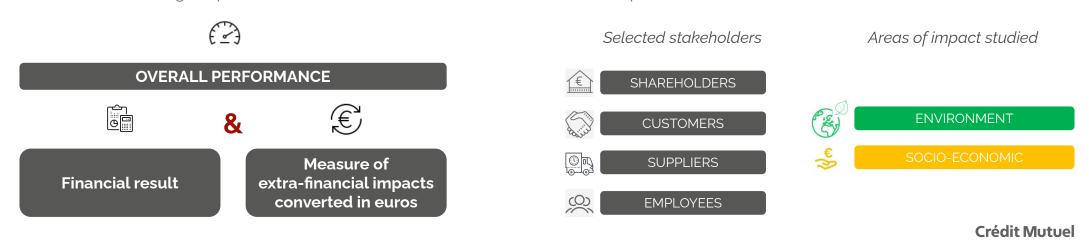
# WHY MEASURE EXTRA-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE?

### THE MEASURE OF THE EXTRA-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SERVING THE GROUP'S AMBITION

### A GROUP RESOLUTELY COMMITTED TO SUSTAINABLE FINANCE AT THE SERVICE OF FUTURE TRANSITIONS



- Measuring non-financial impacts is a concrete illustration of our commitment to **our raison d'être** and the initiatives in our strategic plan. It is also central to our role as a mission-driven company;
- The purpose of measuring extra-financial impacts (EF) is to express in euros the positive and negative externalities of CM Arkéa's actions on its stakeholders through impact indicators relevant to its activities and its direct footprint.



**ARKEA** 

#### AMBITION OF MEASURING NON-FINANCIAL IMPACTS

The extra-financial performance is a major step forward which will allow:

#### TO ASSIST THE GROUP'S TEAMS IN THEIR DECISION MAKING

- Selection and orientation of funding;
- Optimisation of supplier relations and purchasing policies;
- Definition and evaluation of HR actions...

#### SUPPORT THE GROUP AND ITS STAKEHOLDERS IN CHANGE AND IMPROVEMENT

• What are the specific points for improvement and what concrete actions should be implemented to achieve them?

#### TO EVALUATE PROGRESS OVER THE LONG TERM

- The methodology is intended to be applied to all of CM Arkéa's banking and insurance businesses.
- It will be deployed progressively within the group's entities and on new perimeters.

2

# HOW TO MEASURE EXTRA-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE?

#### REFERENCE FOR THE SELECTION OF INDICATORS



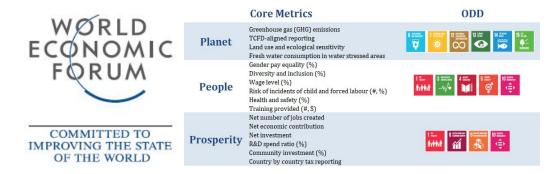
#### DOUBLE MATERIALITY APPROACH

Identification of indicators to measure extra-financial externalities relevant to CM Arkéa.

Analysis of good practices developed by actors (notably industrialists) and/or described in the literature.

A coherent approach taking into account other initiatives (World Economic Forum, Impact.gouv.fr platform, etc.) and regulations (Disclosure Regulation, Taxonomy, etc.).

#### Presentation of the 22 World Economic Forum Core Metrics





#### SCOPE OF MEASUREMENT BASED ON DOUBLE MATERIALITY APPROACH

- A financial materiality analysis to assess the volumes generated by the activities (e.g. outstanding financing)
- A non-financial materiality analysis to assess the relevance of the chosen indicators (e.g. GHG emissions)

The methodology is applied in priority to CM Arkéa's entities and products with a high financial and/or extra-financial materiality.

#### SELECTED EXTRA-FINANCIAL INDICATORS

For Crédit Mutuel Arkéa as a whole, 24 impact indicators have been selected at this stage to measure non-financial impacts.

They are of two kinds:

- External indicators (relating to the activity of customers and suppliers);
- Internal indicators (relating to Crédit Mutuel Arkéa's internal activity).

#### **EXTERNAL INDICATORS**

#### INTERNAL INDICATORS

Themes	Impact indicators	Themes
GENERAL INDICATORS		Contrib
		change
Contribution to the fight against climate change	GHG emissions	17
Curriate Change		Circula
Suppose for accompanie activity	# jobs supported	
Support for economic activity	Added value in the territories	
		Suppor
SPECIFIC INDICATORS		
(applicable for certain products or sect	ors of activity)	Quality
Contribution to energy efficiency	Energy performance gains	Safety
Resource depletion	Water consumption	<del>                                 </del>
Circular economy of waste	Residual waste generation	Trainin
Dia dissavaites	Artificialization of soils	
Biodiversity	Eutrophication	Equal o
Reduction in energy bills	Purchasing power gain (€)	
Quality of life (in good health)	# patients or care provided	Sponso
Quality of life (in good health)	Fine particle emissions	Sponso
Access to be univer	# homes in social housing	
Access to housing	# owner households	
Training & Education	# pupils/students enrolled	
Mobility	# km of roadway funded or permitted trips	
Modificy	# of vehicles financed	

	impact malcators	
Contribution to the fight against climate change	GHG emissions	
Circular economy of waste	Residual waste generation	
	# jobs supported	
Support for economic activity	Additional purchasing power under the social contract	
Quality of life (at work)	# days of sick leave avoided/generated	
Safety of people	# accidents at work	
Training & Education	# alternates trained	
Equal opportunities	Gender pay gap (€)	
Equal opportunities	# of employees with disabilities	
Sponsorship	# days of mobilisation on skills sponsorship missions	
Sponsoranip	Donation of leave between employees	

Impact indicators

SOCIO-FCONOMIC

**ENVIRONMENT** 

#### **GUIDELINES FOR THE METHODOLOGY**



#### THE CHALLENGE OF DATA AVAILABILITY

The method of valuing impacts is adapted to the information available and influences the level of granularity of the information required. A "top down" approach based on the use of sectoral data is favoured at first.

Gradually, actual client data will be integrated depending on its availability and the robustness and integrity of the collection process.

#### **EXTERNAL DATABASES**

In order to make the calculations more reliable and to ensure transparency, the methodology is based on public reference databases.

#### Examples:

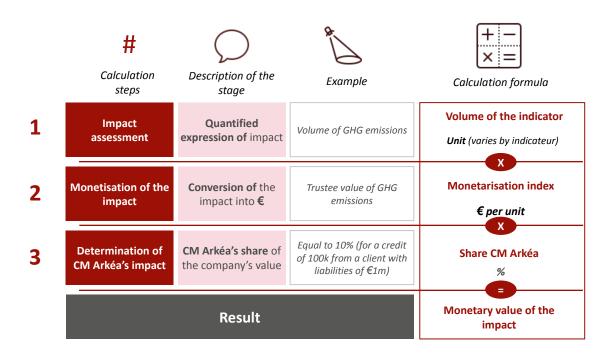








#### MEASURE AND MONETISATION OF THE IMPACTS





## 3

## PROGRESS AND PROSPECTS

#### **EMBLEMATIC AND SIGNIFICANT ADVANCES SINCE 2021**

A profound and innovative evolution of the finance management profession, reflected in its new name:

#### "Finance and Overall Performance Department".

External audit by Deloitte, one of our auditors, which issued an assurance report (09/2022) on the 2020 and 2021 measures.

Integration of non-financial performance indicators in the steering of the mission committee.

Extension of the scope for calculating non-financial performance:

% of total CM Arkéa	October 2021 (Measure 2020 on ABEI)	July 2022 (Measure 2020 et 2021 on an extended perimeter)
Financements 18% of financing		70% of financing
Suppliers	2% of external purchases	95% of external purchases
Employees	3% of the workforce	90% of the workforce

Industrialisation of the calculation tool now integrated into the group information system.

Launch of a programme to collect non-financial data from our clients to optimise the measurement of non-financial performance.



FURTHER EXTENSION OF THE SCOPE OF ACTIVITIES COVERED AND INTEGRATION INTO THE GROUP'S MANAGEMENT PROCESSES



#### METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK

- PUBLISHING OF THE METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK ON OUR INSTITUTIONAL WEBSITE CM-ARKEA.COM
- METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH

FOCUS ON THE SELECTED INDICATORS



## 2021 MEASURES

#### MEASURES 2020 & 2021

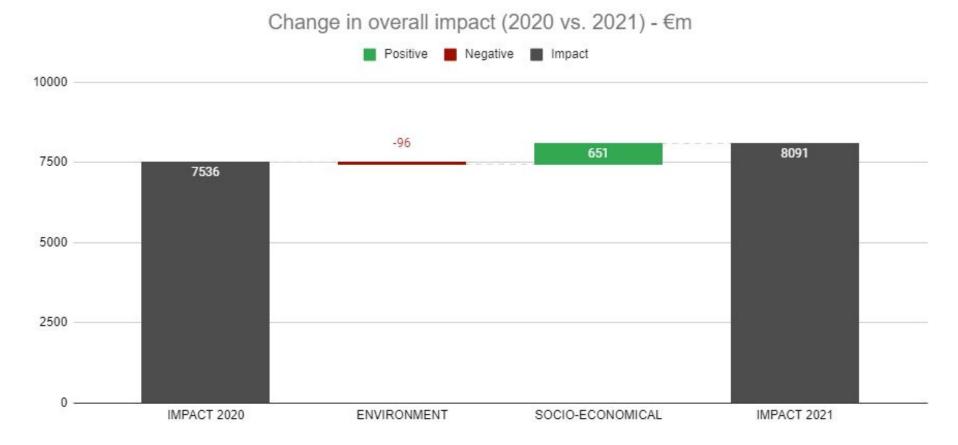
	TOTAL	SHAREHOLDERS AND CUSTOMERS (FINANCING)	SUPPLIERS	EMPLOYEES
TOTAL 2020	€7536m	€7023m	€175m	€338m
ENVIRONMENT	-€671m	-€665m	-€2m	-€4m
SOCIO-ECONOMIC	€8208m	€7689m	€177m	€342m
TOTAL 2021	€8091m	€756om	€199m	€332m
ENVIRONMENT	-€766m	-€760m	-€2m	-€4m
SOCIO-ECONOMIC	€8856m	€8319m	€201m	€336m

CM ARKÉA'S EXTRA-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IS €8.1 Bn FOR THE YEAR 2021, AN INCREASE OF 7.3% FROM 2020.



- €15,000 of negative environmental impacts;
- €165,000 of positive socio-economic impacts.

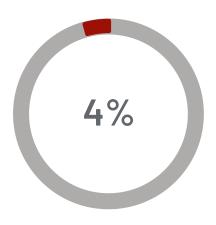
#### **MEASURE 2021 - EVOLUTION**



- The evolution of extra-financial performance (+ €555m) is driven by the improvement of socio-economic indicators calculated on financing.
- The measurement of environmental indicators deteriorated, mainly due to the 18% increase in the shadow carbon value (from €87 T/eq CO2 to €103 T/eq CO2).

#### IMPACT OF CM ARKÉA ON ITS SPHERES OF INFLUENCE

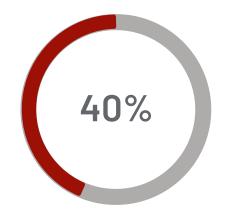
#### BREAKDOWN OF THE 2021 NON-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE MEASURE (€8,091M) BY SPHERE OF INFLUENCE



Direct : €332 m

#### = impacts that the group can control

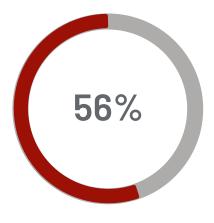
Example: Crédit Mutuel Arkea, through its own actions and the mobilisation of its employees, aims to reduce its carbon footprint by 16% by 2024.



Indirect : €3 222 m

#### = impacts that the group influences

Example: By encouraging the use of local suppliers through its purchasing policy, Crédit Mutuel Arkéa contributes to the creation of local jobs.



Induced : €4 536 m

#### = impacts to which the group contributes

Example: By financing doctors, healthcare facilities and nursing homes, Crédit Mutuel Arkéa helps to promote access to healthcare and thus has a positive impact on the quality of life in good health.

See breakdown of external indicators (funding and suppliers) by sphere of influence in annex



### MARKET FOCUS

# PROFESSIONALS, COMPANIES & INSTITUTIONS



#### 5 PROFESSIONALS, COMPANIES & INSTITUTIONS





#### METHODOLOGICAL DETAILS

#### Scope of calculation

The impacts are calculated on the scope of Arkéa Banque Entreprises & Institutionnels (ABEI) and the Crédit Mutuel de Bretagne and Sud Ouest federations (CMB and CMSO).

#### 5 FINANCING I MEASURE 2021

Data as of 31/12/2021	<b>RETAIL MARKETS</b> (Valued outstandings: €29bn)	PROFESSIONAL MARKETS CORPORATE & INSTITUTIONAL MARKETS (Valued outstandings: €21bn)	TOTAL
ENVIRONMENT	-€78m	-€682m	-€76om
GHG EMISSIONS	-€51m	-€556m	-€607m
WATER CONSUMPTION	-€26m	-€97m	-€123m
SOIL ARTIFICIALISATION	-€1,3m		-€1,3m
EUTROPHICATION		-€26m	-€26m
RESIDUAL WASTE GENERATION	-€0,2m	-€3m	-€3m
ENERGY PERFORMANCE GAIN	€0,5m		€0.5m
SOCIO-ECONOMICAL	€2170m	€6148m	€8319m
# JOBS SUPPORTED	€194m	€1713m	€1907m
ADDED VALUE ON TERRITORIES		€2032m	€2032m
ACCESS TO HOUSING	€1948m	€232m	€2180m
PURCHASING POWER GAIN	€5m		€5m
QUALITY OF LIFE	-€0.3m	€2094m	€2094m
STUDIES		€77m	€77m
MOBILITY	€24m		€24m
TOTAL	€2093M	€5499m	€7560m

#### PROFESSIONALS, COMPANIES & INSTITUTIONS INDICATORS

#### Indicator

#### **Externality**

#### Value of the indicator

#### **Monetisation index**

GHG emissions (scope 1,2 and 3)

The monetisation index used is the carbon price, which is the "price" of a ton of carbon set by the State in the context of its commitments (investments in the fight against global warming) as defined by the Quinet report, which evaluates public action for the climate.

GHG emissions (T/€ of turnover) of the sector

Turnover (€) of the stakeholder Source: France Stratégie Primap - Eora - Edgar The tutelary value of Carbon Source: Quinet Report

Water consumption

The cost of providing water is the cost of meeting a need and avoiding a negative impact.

Excluding other costs incurred by water consumption

Water consumption (m3 /€ of turnover) of the sector x Turnover (€) of the stakeholder Source: Insee

Water distribution costs (€/m3)

Source: C.I EAU

Residual waste generation

The conversion index used corresponds to the costs of externalities linked to the production of non-recovered waste. These costs can be calculated on the basis of the depreciation of real estate assets in the vicinity of a waste disposal site.

Hazardous / non-hazardous waste generation (T/€ of turnover) of the targeted sector

Χ

Turnover (€) of the stakeholder Source: Insee - Eunomia - Exiopol -Singh et al. Cost of non-hazardous and hazardous waste impacts (€/T) Source: Insee - Eunomia - Exiopol -Singh et al.

#### PROFESSIONALS, COMPANIES & INSTITUTIONS INDICATORS

#### Indicator

#### Externality

#### **Monetisation index**

# jobs supported The conversion index reflects

- (1) the increase in the purchasing power of employees relative to a non-employment situation
- (2) the avoided costs to the state of unemployment benefits.

Both of these elements come back to the average net income by industry concerned. This is an indirect impact for CMA, the jobs are supported by its stakeholders. Monetarisation does not take into account social and competition mechanisms.

Ratio of jobs to € in the sector (FTEs/€)

Value of the indicator

Turnover (€) of the stakeholder

Source: Insee

Average net income of the sector (€/FTE)

Source: Insee

Added value in the territories The added value is considered net of wages as the impact in terms of employment purchasing power gains is already accounted for in the indicator # jobs supported. The added value on the territories and the homes in social housing are considered as induced, the benefits being measured at the level of the stakeholders' clients.

(Ratio € of Value Added / € of turnover of the sector

Ratio  $\in$  of payroll  $/ \in$  of sector turnover)

Turnover (€) of the stakeholder Source: Insee The indicator is already expressed in €, so no monetisation is required

# homes in social housing

The measure reflects the purchasing power gains associated with access to social rent compared to conventional housing

Turnover (€) of the stakeholder

Χ

Ratio # of households

Sector turnover (€)

Source: Insee - Ministry of Territorial Cohesion and Relations with Local Communities -Seloger.com Marginal purchasing power per social housing unit  $(\leqslant)$ 

Source: Insee - Ministry of Territorial Cohesion and Relations with Local Communities -Seloger.com

#### PROFESSIONALS, COMPANIES & INSTITUTIONS INDICATORS

Indicator **Externality** Value of the indicator **Monetisation index** 

# patients or care provided The index translates the annual value of healthy years (QALY value in €: value of a year of human life weighted by its quality in terms of health) supported by curative medicine, access to care, and stays in EHPAD, compared to one year of life expectancy

# inpatients / # healthcare institutions in France x # Arkéa's healthcare institution customers x % of hospital activities in health activities

# care delivered per year / # doctors in France x # Arkéa's doctor customers / # consultations per patient per year

# people in EHPAD in France / # EHPAD in France x # Arkéa's FHPAD customers

Source: Atih - Insee - Ministries of Solidarity and Health - France Stratégie

patient)

Value of care in curative medicine (€ /

Value of access to routine care (€ / vear) Value of care for EHPAD patients (€ / vear)

Source: Atih - Insee - Ministries of Solidarity and Health - France Stratégie

# pupils / students enrolled

The approach amounts to attributing to the years of training a wage gain compared to reference situations (net inactivity income for the years before the BAC; average net income at BAC level for higher education). The index is expressed in € of additional purchasing power for each pupil/student.

# Average number of students per establishment in France

# of clients establishments Arkéa schoolchildren Source: Ministry of Higher Education -Adzuna

Annual purchasing power generated per year of pre-BAC education (€)

Annual purchasing power generated per year of higher education

Ministry of Higher Education - Adzuna

Care or studies are two impacts induced by CMA funding because the benefit is measured at the level of the stakeholders' clients.

#### **GHG EMISSIONS FOCUS**

#### Data required for the impact calculation

#### **CLIENTS DATA**

#### DATA TYPF

Outstanding as of 12/31/N	1 Billion €
Clients liabilities	15 Billions €
Clients' turnover	6 Billions €

#### **SECTOR DATA**

DATA TYPE		sources

Average GHG emission (T / € of turnover)	0,0002228	Primap
Target value of GHG emissions (€ / T CO2 eq)	103 € / T CO <sub>2</sub> eq	France Stratégie

#### Valuation of the extra-financial impact

#### Impact assessment

- = GHG emissions (T/€ of turnover) of the sector
- x turnover (€) of stakeholders
- = 0,0002228 x 6 Billions
- = 1,3 M of tons

#### Monetisation of the impact

= Target value of GHG emissions (€ / T CO2 eq)

= 103 €

X

#### CM Arkéa's share

Outstanding as of 12/31/N / Clients liabilities

= (1Md / 15 Md)

= 6,67 %

#### **IMPACT**

- 9,2 M€

#### JOBS SUPPORTED FOCUS

#### Data required for the impact calculation

CLIENTS DATA	SECTOR DATA

DATA TYPE

Outstanding as of 12/31/N	1 Billion €
Clients liabilities	15 Billions €
Clients' turnover	6 Billions €

DATA TYPE	sources	
Average jobs (FTE / € of turnover)	0,00000896 FTE / €	INSEE
Average net income	28 428 € / FTE	INSEE

#### Valuation of the extra-financial impactr

#### Impact assessment

= Average jobs (FTE / € of turnover)

x turnover (€) of stakeholders

= 0,00000896 x 6 Billions

= 53 760 FTE

#### Monetisation of the impact

DATA TYPF

= Average net income (€ / FTE)

= 28 428 €

#### CM Arkéa's share

Outstanding as of 12/31/N / Clients liabilities

= 6,67 %

#### **IMPACT**

+ 102 M€





# Crédit Mutuel ARKEA

DE NOUVEAUX LIENS POUR CHANGER DEMAIN